## **Exercises: ClamAV Install with Exim: PacNOG I Workshop**

## June 21, 2005

**Note:** The "#" and "\$" characters before commands represents your system prompt and is not part of the command itself. "#" indicates a command issued as root while "\$" indicates a command issued as a normal user.

**Note 2:** If you install software, update your environment as root and the change is not immediately available try typing rehash at the root shell prompt. This is only necessary when running a C shell (e.g., like /bin/csh).

Note 3: If you need to update ClamAV at some point you can read about this here:

http://wiki.clamav.net/index.php/UpgradeInstructions

and here:

http://www.freshports.org/security/clamav

Newer versions may be available at the FreshPorts site.

Note 4: These exercises are based on materials from Philip Hazel.

## **Basic ClamAV Installation using Ports**

You need to be root to do this. Using ports downloads all the dependencies. Compilation may take some time to complete.

# cd /usr/ports/security/clamav
# make install

At this point, a dialog box pops up; use TAB to move to 'OK' (without selecting anything), then hit ENTER.

Once compilation finishes if you are using the C-shell, you must run the command:

# rehash

ClamAV needs its own user called *clamav*, which must be in the *mail* group so that it can access Exim's spool files (per installation of Exim via the ports system). The ports system created the user *clamav*, and it added this user to the *mail* group. You can verify this by typing:

# groups clamav

ClamAV has two daemons: one is the actual virus scanner, and the other (called *freshclam*) updates the virus database periodically over the Internet. New viruses are being created all the time. When you run anti-virus software, it is important to keep it updated. The *freshclam* daemon makes this very easy. It is also possible to run the *freshclam* command manually (see the man page for details).

The configuration files for the ClamAV daemons are */usr/local/etc/clamd.conf* and */usr/local/etc/freshclam.conf*. The ports system installs suitable defaults, so you do not need to change these files.

Before starting the two ClamAV daemons, you must edit /etc/rc.conf to enable them:

# vi /etc/rc.conf

Add these lines to the file:

```
clamav_clamd_enable="YES"
clamav_freshclam_enable="YES"
```

The daemons should now start automatically whenever you reboot. Next time you reboot, check that the ClamAV daemons have started.

Now we can start the ClamAV daemons manually:

```
# /usr/local/etc/rc.d/clamav-clamd.sh start
# /usr/local/etc/rc.d/clamav-freshclam.sh start
```

If all has worked, we can now run some tests of the scanner. How can you test an anti-virus scanner? You don't want to be sending yourself a real virus! Luckily, a test virus called "eicar" exists. It consists of a short string of printing characters.

To test your scanner first create the file */tmp/eicar* that contains this string (you can do this as a non-root account):

```
\verb|X50!P@ap[4|PZX54(P^)7CC)7|$EICAR-STANDARD-ANTIVIRUS-TEST-FILE!$H+H*|
```

The third character is the letter 'O', not the digit 0. To copy and past this, if you have web access, you can find this string here:

http://www.eicar.org/anti\_virus\_test\_file.htm

To do this you can do:

\$ vi /tmp/eicar

Then paste the text above in the file and save the file:

```
    i (for insert mode)
    Paste the text, or type it in. Don't hit RETURN/ENTER.
    ESC key, then press :wq to write the file and quit.
```

We can use the *clamdscan* command to check an individual file (or a directory of files) for viruses:

\$ clamdscan /tmp/eicar

You should see output like this:

```
/tmp/eicar: Eicar-Test-Signature FOUND
----- SCAN SUMMARY -----
Infected files: 1
Time: 0.003 sec (0 m 0 s)
```

Now that we have ClamAV working, we can edit Exim's configuration so that every message is scanned for viruses.

Edit /usr/local/etc/exim/configure (as root) and insert this line somewhere near the top, in the main section, before the first "begin" line (maybe right after "hostlist"):

```
av_scanner = clamd:/var/run/clamav/clamd
```

This option tells Exim where to find its anti-virus scanner: /var/run/clamav/clamd is a socket that the ClamAV daemon creates for communication.

Now add some more lines to the **acl\_check\_data** ACL that you created earlier for SpamAassassin. Add these lines at the start:

For reference, the entire ACL show now look like this:

Now restart the Exim daemon in place to make sure that all updates are read:

```
# cat /var/run/exim.pid
# kill -HUP nnn
```

Where "nnn" is the process ID number from /var/run/exim.pid.

Send yourself the eicar test string and see what happens (use copy-paste to copy the test data):

```
$ exim -bs
mail from:<>
rcpt to:<username@pcnn.pacnog.school.fj>
data
X50!P%@AP[4\PZX54(P^)7CC)7}$EICAR-STANDARD-ANTIVIRUS-TEST-FILE!$H+H*
.
quit
```

You could also try using your MUA of choice to send the test virus to yourself as an attachment. If you do this, what happens?

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